## **BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI**

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022



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## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

County Commissions Buchanan County, Missouri

## **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Qualified and Unmodified Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Buchanan County, Missouri (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Qualified Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions" section of our report, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the County, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Unmodified Opinions on the Governmental Activities, Major Funds and Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified and unmodified audit opinions. The financial statements of the Buchanan County Tourism Board and the Regional Emergency Medical Services Authority were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

## Matter Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The Buchanan County Tourism Board, which is 25.7% of total assets, 0.1% of total liabilities, 27.4% of net position, 15.3% of total revenues and 13.6% of total expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units, was audited under the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The amounts by which this departure would affect the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units have not been determined.

## Emphasis of Matter Regarding Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective January 1, 2022, the County adopted new accounting guidance for leases. The guidance requires lessees to recognize a right-to-use lease asset and corresponding lease liability and lessors to recognize a lease receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources for all leases with lease terms greater than twelve months. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

## **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Buchanan County, Missouri's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Buchanan County, Missouri's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension asset/liability and related ratios - Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System, schedule of employer contributions – Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS), share of the collective net pension liability – County Employees Retirement Fund, schedule of employer contributions - County Employees Retirement Fund, and schedule of changes in the County's total other postemployment benefits liability, related ratios and notes as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by GASB who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, except for the effect on the supplementary information of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified opinion paragraph above, the supplementary information listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27,2023, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Buchanan County, Missouri's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Kansas City, Missouri September 27,2023

## BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Primary Government	
	Governmental	Component
	Activities	Units
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$ 42,664,523	\$ 7,183,798
Restricted Cash	4,000,000	-
Receivables, Net:		
Taxes Receivable	5,296,320	689,104
Accounts Receivable	490,228	760,974
Due from Other Governments	1,197,438	-
Lease Receivable, Current	8,272	1,243
Lease Receivable, Noncurrent	799,901	47,442
Economic Development Loans	861,668	-
Other Assets	-	214,679
Capital Assets:		
Not Being Depreciated/Amortized	3,896,341	713,891
Being Depreciated, Net of Depreciation/Amortization	25,672,040	5,472,144
Net Pension Asset	11,728,930	
Total Assets	96,615,661	15,083,275
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	4,760,566	-
OPEB Related Deferred Outflows	81,851	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,842,417	-
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	1,998,879	121,898
Accrued Expenses	502,707	784,226
Unearned Grant Revenue	13,329,643	-
Due to Others	44,493	-
Claims Payable	316,993	-
OPEB Liability - Due in One Year	56,446	-
Long-Term Liabilities:	00,110	
Net Pension Liability	2,288,775	-
OPEB Liability	538,042	-
Due in One Year	820,982	-
Due in More than One Year	2,412,848	-
Total Liabilities	22,309,808	906,124
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	22,000,000	000,121
	E EC4 028	
Property Taxes Levied for Future Year	5,564,028	-
Pension Related - Deferred Inflows	3,257,801	-
Leases OPEB Related - Deferred Inflows	787,319	50,120
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>360,709</u> 9,969,857	50,120
	9,909,007	50,120
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	28,431,489	6,146,035
Restricted for:		
General Government	1,753,883	-
Assessments and Collections	1,910,157	-
Public Safety	4,805,576	-
Road and Bridge	1,028,811	-
Health and Welfare	622,005	-
Capital Projects	8,804,629	-
Pension	11,728,930	-
Unrestricted	10,092,933	7,980,996
Total Net Position	\$ 69,178,413	\$ 14,127,031
		<u>_</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

## BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Program Revenues	Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government	Component Units	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General Government Assessment and Collections Public Safety Road and Bridge Health and Welfare	\$ 18,179,842 1,268,434 17,370,758 3,401,559 689,492	\$ 2,134,046 1,545,710 2,469,053 143,620 265,232	\$       7,202 134,689 5,781,338 926,043 886,711	\$	\$ (16,038,594) 411,965 (9,120,367) (2,153,677) 462,451	\$	
Community Development Total Governmental Activities	2,110,719 \$ 43,020,804	66,130 \$ 6,623,791	<u>-</u> \$ 7,735,983	<u> </u>	(2,044,589) (28,482,811)		
COMPONENT UNITS Regional Emergency Medical Services Authority Buchanan County Tourism Board Total Component Units	\$ 9,643,957 1,519,272 \$ 11,163,229	\$ 4,862,551 1,800,611 \$ 6,663,162	\$ 4,899,320 137,441 \$ 5,036,761	\$ - - - \$ -		117,914 418,780 536,694	
	GENERAL REVEN Taxes: Property Sales Unrestricted Inve Other Total Genera	estment Earnings			5,347,506 30,410,696 40,730 <u>419,784</u> 36,218,716	- (86,299) <u>354,621</u> 268,322	
	CHANGES IN NET	<b>FPOSITION</b>			7,735,905	805,016	

 NET POSITION - END OF YEAR
 \$ 69,178,413
 \$ 14,127,031

61,442,508 13,322,015

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

Net Position - Beginning of Year

## BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	General Fund		Road and Bridge Fund		Law inforcement Sales Tax Fund		evee Repair Sales Tax	 Pandemic Relief Fund	Capital nprovement les Tax Fund	mbulance Sales Tax Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and Investments	\$ 10,903,799	\$	5,037,686	\$	1,324,756	\$	401,250	\$ 13,329,643	\$ 3,283,294	\$ 68,447	\$	6,129,631	\$	40,478,506
Restricted Cash	-		-		-		4,000,000	-				-		4,000,000
Taxes Receivable	1,484,969		469,365		1,423,265		595	-	689,668	689,109		539,349		5,296,320
Accounts Receivable	270,171		-		62,432		-	-	8,423	7,664		141,538		490,228
Due from Other Governments	1,059,228		138,210		-		-	-	-	-		-		1,197,438
Due from Other Funds Lease Receivable	2,738		-		5,084		-	-	-	-		76		7,898
	496,643		-		-		-	-	- 861,668	-		311,530		808,173 861,668
Economic Development Loans	-	-	-		-	-	-	 -	 001,000	 -		-		001,000
Total Assets	\$ 14,217,548	\$	5,645,261	\$	2,815,537	\$	4,401,845	\$ 13,329,643	\$ 4,843,053	\$ 765,220	\$	7,122,124	\$	53,140,231
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES														
LIABILITIES														
Accounts Payable	\$ 377,023	\$	73,160	\$	15,204	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 440,269	\$ 689,109	\$	404,114	\$	1,998,879
Accrued Expenditures	307,249		29,576		152,571		-	-	-	-		13,311		502,707
Unearned Grant Revenue	-		-		-		-	13,329,643	-	-		-		13,329,643
Due to Other Funds	7,477		-		-		-	-	-	-		421		7,898
Due to Others	-		-		-		-	 -	 -	 -		44,493		44,493
Total Liabilities	691,749		102,736		167,775		-	 13,329,643	440,269	 689,109		462,339		15,883,620
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	13,200		54,415		-		-	-	-	-		-		67,615
Property Taxes Levied for Future Year	1,050,314		4,513,714		-		-	-	-	-		-		5,564,028
Unavailable Revenues - Leases	484,284		-		-		-	-	-	-		303,035		787,319
Unavailable Revenue - Other	4,008		-		-		-	 -	 8,423	 -		-		12,431
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,551,806		4,568,129		-	_	-	 -	 8,423	 -		303,035		6,431,393
FUND BALANCES														
Restricted:														
General Government	-		-		-		-	-	-	-		1,753,883		1,753,883
Assessment and Collections	-		-		-		-	-	-	-		1,910,157		1,910,157
Public Safety	-		-		2,647,762		-	-	-	76,111		2,081,703		4,805,576
Road and Bridge	-		974,396		-		-	-	-	-		-		974,396
Health and Welfare	-		-		-		-	-	-	-		622,005		622,005
Capital Projects	-		-		-		4,401,845	-	4,394,361	-		-		8,796,206
Unassigned	11,973,993	_	-	_	-	-	-	 -	 -	 -		(10,998)		11,962,995
Total Fund Balances	11,973,993		974,396		2,647,762		4,401,845	 -	 4,394,361	 76,111		6,356,750		30,825,218
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 14,217,548	\$	5,645,261	\$	2,815,537	\$	4,401,845	\$ 13,329,643	\$ 4,843,053	\$ 765,220	\$	7,122,124	\$	53,140,231

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

## BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Ending Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds:	\$ 30,825,218
Certain revenues are not available to pay for current year expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds.	80,046
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position the cost of those assets is capitalized and shown at cost, net of accumulated depreciation. This is the amount of net capital assets reported in the statement of net position.	29,568,381
Pension related assets and deferred outflows are not due and available to be used as current period resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund statements. These amounts include: Net Pension Asset Pension Related Deferred Outflows	11,728,930 4,760,566
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items: Long-Term Debt	(3,233,830)
Net pension liabilities and pension related deferred inflows are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund statements. These amounts include:	(2.000.775)
Net Pension Liability Pension Related Deferred Inflows	(2,288,775) (3,257,801)
Other post employment benefit (OPEB) liabilities and related deferred outflows and deferred inflows are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund statements. These amounts include:	
Total OPEB Liability OPEB Related Deferred Outflows	(594,488) 81,851
OPEB Related Deferred Inflows	(360,709)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service	
fund are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.	 1,869,024
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 69,178,413

# BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund	Levee Repair Sales Tax	Pandemic Relief Fund	Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund	Ambulance Sales Tax Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES									
Taxes:									
Property	\$ 1,024,333	\$ 4,304,309	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 5,328,642
Sales	8,974,047	-	9,067,228	11,203	-	4,487,022	4,481,043	3,390,153	30,410,696
License, Fines, Fees, and Permits	5,052,769	143,620	-	-	-	-	-	2,331,544	7,527,933
Intergovernmental	1,551,627	949,573	626,650	-	3,048,018	27,083	-	1,177,057	7,380,008
Interest Income	28,069	-	-	511	681	-	-	11,469	40,730
Other	265,909	15,198	-	-	-	133,997	30,618	140,692	586,414
Total Revenues	16,896,754	5,412,700	9,693,878	11,714	3,048,699	4,648,102	4,511,661	7,050,915	51,274,423
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General Government	5,375,372	-	-	-	-	211,243	-	2,150,992	7,737,607
Assessment and Collections	725,620	-	-	-	-	-	-	973,439	1,699,059
Public Safety	6,268,572	-	8,063,324	-	3,048,699	-	4,531,043	521,350	22,432,988
Road and Bridge	-	4,993,324	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,993,324
Health and Welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	689,492	689,492
Community Development	151,150	-	-	-	-	1,161,650	-	1,441,796	2,754,596
Capital Outlay-General Government	-	-	-	6,548,730	-	964,234	-	-	7,512,964
Capital Outlay-Road and Bridge	-	-	-	-	-	1,317,880	-	-	1,317,880
Debt Service:									
Principal Retirement	191,263	-	-	-	-	79,317	-	-	270,580
Interest and Fiscal Charges	25,308	-	-	-	-	15,233	-	-	40,541
Total Expenditures	12,737,285	4,993,324	8,063,324	6,548,730	3,048,699	3,749,557	4,531,043	5,777,069	49,449,031
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	4,159,469	419,376	1,630,554	(6,537,016)	-	898,545	(19,382)	1,273,846	1,825,392
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In	229,848	-	38,000	-	-	-	-	55,131	322,979
Transfers Out	(38,000)	-	-	-	-	(130,510)	-	(154,469)	(322,979)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	191,848	-	38,000	-	-	(130,510)	-	(99,338)	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	4,351,317	419,376	1,668,554	(6,537,016)	-	768,035	(19,382)	1,174,508	1,825,392
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	7,622,676	555,020	979,208	10,938,861		3,626,326	95,493	5,182,242	28,999,826
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 11,973,993	\$ 974,396	\$ 2,647,762	\$ 4,401,845	\$ -	\$ 4,394,361	\$ 76,111	\$ 6,356,750	\$ 30,825,218

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

## BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds:	\$ 1,825,392
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period:	
Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense Gain/(Loss) on Disposals	3,813,305 (4,022,002) (5,984)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	4,212
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of longterm debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Payments on Long-Term Debt	270,580
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Change in Accrued Compensated Absences Change in Net Pension Asset Change in Net Pension Liability Change in Deferred Pension Outflows Change in Deferred Pension Inflows Change in Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Obligation Change in Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Deferred Outflow Change in Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Deferred Inflow	144,755 (5,456,786) 1,581,915 1,547,107 7,338,318 243,039 (6,793) (213,706)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of the Internal Service fund is reported with governmental activities.	 672,553
Total Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 7,735,905

## BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$ 2,186,017
LIABILITIES Claims Payable	316,993
NET POSITION Unrestricted Net Position	<u>\$ 1,869,024</u>

## BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES	Internal Service Fund
Charges for Services Total Operating Revenues	\$ 2,650,739 2,650,739
OPERATING EXPENSES Claims Total Operating Expenses	2,025,746 2,025,746
OPERATING INCOME	624,993
NONOPERATING REVENUE Miscellaneous	47,560
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	672,553
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	1,196,471
TOTAL NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,869,024

## BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	<u> </u>	Internal
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		ervice Fund
Cash Received from the County	\$	2,650,739
Cash Paid for Services and Claims		(1,942,050)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		708,689
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Miscellaneous		47,560
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		47,560
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS		756,249
Cash and Investments - Beginning of Year		1,429,768
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	2,186,017
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Income	\$	624,993
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
Claims Payable		83,696
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	708,689

## BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 36,419,856
Taxes Receivable for Other Governments	9,742,698
Total Assets	46,162,554
LIABILITIES	
Due to Others	136,942
Due to Other Governments	838,025
Total Liabilities	974,967
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Taxes Collected for Subsequent Period	35,444,889
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	<b>*</b> • <b>7</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	\$ 9,742,698

## BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Individuals	\$ 3,226,019
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	106,818,085
License and Fees Collected for State	4,318,040
Total Additions	114,362,144
DEDUCTIONS Beneficiary Payments to Individuals Payments to Other Governments Total Deductions	1,899,115 <u>112,796,912</u> 114,696,027
NET DECREASE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	(333,883)
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year	10,076,581
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 9,742,698

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Buchanan County, Missouri have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below:

## A. Financial Reporting Entity

Buchanan County, Missouri (the County), is a first-class county located on the northwestern border of the state and operates under a commission form of government. Commissioners representing the eastern and western districts are elected every four years. In addition, a presiding commissioner is elected at large every four years. Elected officials are responsible for the operations of certain County offices including the assessor, collector, treasurer, clerk, auditor, sheriff, public administrator, prosecuting attorney, recorder, and the circuit court with its various divisions.

The County's financial reporting entity has been determined in accordance with government accounting standards for defining the reporting entity and identifying entities to be included in its basic financial statements. These standards identify the County's financial accountability for potential component units as the primary, but not only, criteria for inclusion. The County is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of a potential component unit, or there is a potential for the potential component unit to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County. The County's financial reporting entity consists of the County (the primary government), and its component units. The County has no blended component units. The component unit column in the government-wide financial statements presents the financial data for the County's discretely presented component units as discussed below.

The Buchanan County Tourism Board, dba: the St. Joseph Convention & Visitors Bureau (Tourism Board) was established by Buchanan County voters in the spring of 1993 with the purpose of "advertising and promoting tourism in Buchanan County, Missouri." The state of Missouri provided authorization for any first class counties to impose a tourism sales tax to promote tourism within the state. The County approved a one-tenth of one cent sales tax in the spring of 1993, which finances the Board. The County has oversight responsibility and control over the activities of the Board. The Tourism Board's financial statements are prepared under the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Complete financial statements of the Tourism Board may be obtained directly from their office at 911 Frederick Ave, St. Joseph, Missouri 64501.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

The Regional Emergency Medical Services Authority (REMSA) began operations with the County on July 1, 2014 with the purpose of providing emergency medical services for the benefit of the citizens of the County. The County approved a one-fourth cent sales tax to support operation of REMSA at which time they began doing business as Buchanan County Emergency Medical Services. REMSA's most recent fiscal year-end was December 31, 2022. Complete financial statements of REMSA may be obtained directly from their office at 5010 Fredrick Ave, St. Joseph, Missouri 64501.

## B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report, except for County fiduciary activity, information on all of the activities of the County and its component units. The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements.

Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and governmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds include other Special Revenue funds. The combined amounts for these funds are reflected in a single column in the fund-level balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Detailed statements for nonmajor funds are presented with combining fund statements.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements, except for the Tourism Board, are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims, and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales and use taxes, interest associated with the current fiscal period, and certain state and federal grants and entitlements are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Road and Bridge Fund</u> accounts for the operations and maintenance of roads and bridges within the County. Financing is provided by a special road and bridge tax levy.

The <u>Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund</u> accounts for the use of the County's Law Enforcement Sales Tax which is to be used to provide law enforcement services within the County.

The <u>Pandemic Relief Fund</u> accounts for the Federal coronavirus funding received by the County.

The <u>Levee Repair Sales Tax Fund</u> accounts for the use of the County's <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> cent sales tax, imposed for a period of four years, which is to be used for construction and repairs to Missouri River levees.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The <u>Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund</u> accounts for the use of the County's Capital Improvement Sales tax which is used for various capital projects and economic development within the County.

The <u>Ambulance Sales Tax Fund</u> accounts for the use of the County's <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> cent sales tax which is used to fund ambulance operations in the County.

Internal service funds account for the cost and claim amounts related to the County's health insurance.

Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension or OPEB trust funds, investment trust funds, or private purpose trust funds.

## D. Budgetary and Budgeting Accounting

The County Commission adopts an annual budget for all funds. Appropriations lapse at year-end, but may be re-appropriated in the following fiscal year. Departments in the General Fund, whose budgets are approved by the County Commission, may not legally exceed their budgets at the department level without County Commission approval but may exceed budgets at the line-item level, which is below the department level. The Special Revenue Funds may not legally exceed their budgets at the fund level without County Commission approval, but may exceed budgets at the line-item level, which is below the fund level without below the fund level.

#### E. Cash and Investments

The County's investment policy permits investment in prime money market instruments and securities such as U.S. Government obligations, certificates of deposit, demand, and savings accounts. Investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

#### F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### G. Receivables/Unavailable Revenues

GASB Statement No. 33 groups nonexchange transactions into the following four classes, based upon their principal characteristics: derived tax revenues, imposed nonexchange revenues, government mandated nonexchange transactions, and voluntary nonexchange transactions.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### G. Receivables/Unavailable Revenues (Continued)

The County recognizes assets from derived tax revenue transactions (such as sales taxes) in the period when the underlying exchange transaction on which the tax is imposed occurs or when the assets are received, whichever occurs first. Revenues are recognized, net of estimated refunds and estimated uncollectible amounts, in the same period that the assets are recognized, provided that the underlying exchange transaction has occurred. Resources received in advance are reported as unearned revenues until the period of the exchange.

The County recognizes assets from imposed nonexchange revenue transactions (such as property taxes, licenses and permits, and fines and forfeitures) in the period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises or when the resources are received, whichever occurs first. Revenues are recognized in the period when the resources are required to be used or the first period that use is permitted. The County recognizes revenues from property taxes, net of refunds and estimated uncollectible amounts, in the period for which the taxes are levied.

Intergovernmental revenues, representing grants and assistance received from other governmental units, are generally recognized as revenues in the period when all eligibility requirements, as defined by GASB Statement No. 33, have been met. Any resources received before eligibility requirements are met are reported as unavailable revenues.

#### H. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the County has transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services and construct assets. Legally authorized transfers are treated as operating transfers and are included in the results of operations of the governmental funds.

#### I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads and bridges), construction in progress, and right-of-use assets, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed, or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at the total acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### I. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization on all assets is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

Buildings and Improvements	15 to 40 Years
Machinery and Vehicles	5 to 10 Years
Furniture and Equipment	5 to 15 Years
Infrastructure	10 to 50 Years

## J. Leases - Lessor

Lease receivables represent the County's claim to receive lease payments over the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Lease receivables are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Interest revenue is recognized ratably over the contract term.

Deferred inflows of resources related to leases are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease receivable, plus any payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The deferred inflows related to leases are recognized as lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the lease term. Amounts to be received under residual value guarantees that are not fixed in substance are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources if (a) a guarantee payment is required and (b) the amount can be reasonably estimated. Amounts received for the exercise price of a purchase option or penalty for lease termination are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources.

## K. Leases - Lessee

Right-to-use assets represent the County's control of the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange like transaction. Right-to-use assets are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. Right-to-use assets are amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Lease liabilities represent the County's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, less any lease incentives. Interest expense is recognized ratably over the contract term.

The lease term may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the County will exercise that option.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### K. Leases – Lessee (Continued)

The County accounts for contracts containing both lease and nonlease components as separate contracts when possible. In cases where the contract does not provide separate price information for lease and nonlease components, and it is impractical to eliminate the price of such components, the County treats the components as a single lease unit.

## L. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Short-term amounts owed between funds, if any, are classified as "Due to/from other funds."

## M. Compensated Absences

County policies permit full-time employees to accumulate sick pay benefits and vacation time based on the number of years of service. Various county employees earn compensatory time for overtime hours worked during the month. Accumulated sick, vacation, and compensatory time payable is recorded when incurred in the governmentwide financial statements.

## N. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts received on debt issuances are included with the related obligation balance. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The more significant estimates used are the useful lives of capital assets used in the calculation of depreciation, other postemployment benefit liabilities and net pension assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and deferred outflows.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### P. Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following fund balance classifications:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Legally or contractually required to be maintained. Not in spendable form, including but not limited to, inventory, prepaid, supplies, and long-term receivables. Such constraint is binding until legal or contractual requirements are repealed or amounts become spendable.

<u>Restricted</u> – Externally imposed constraints, including but not limited to, creditors, granters, contributors, and constraints by law and regulations. Such constraints are binding unless modified or rescinded by external body, laws, or regulations.

<u>Committed</u> – Specific purpose imposed by formal action of the Board of Commissioners. Such constraint is binding unless modified or rescinded by the Board of Commissioners.

<u>Assigned</u> – Constrained by the Board of Commissioners, elected office holder, or Department head's expressed intent. Includes all remaining amounts not classified in governmental funds, except the general fund. Such constraint is binding unless modified or eliminated by the Board of Commissioners, elected office holder, or Department head, whoever made the assignment.

<u>Unassigned</u> – All amounts not included in other fund balance classifications. The General Fund shall be the only fund to report positive unassigned fund balance. All other governmental funds may report negative unassigned fund balance.

The County's policy is to use restricted resources first when expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Q. Net Position Presentation

GASB requires the classification of net position into three classifications defined as follow:

- (1) <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.
- (2) <u>Restricted Net Position</u> This component of net position consists of amounts which have external constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.
- (3) <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> This component of net position consists of amounts that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets", or "restricted."

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

#### R. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The items are deferred outflows for pensions and OPEB and are reported in the government-wide statement of net position. See Note 8 for more information on the deferred outflows for pensions and Note 9 for the deferred outflows for OPEB.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### R. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has four types of items, one of which arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported in the governmental fund balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from two sources: property taxes and grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The County also recognized deferred inflows related to leases, which will be recognized as lease revenue in future periods.

In the County's government-wide statements, the property tax receivables remain as a deferred inflow of resources under the full accrual basis of accounting and will become an inflow in the year for which they are levied. The County's government-wide statements also report deferred inflows for pensions and OPEB related items. See Note 8 for more information on the deferred inflows for pensions and Note 9 for more information on the deferred inflows for OPEB.

#### S. Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

## NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

At December 31, 2022, the Northern LEPC fund had a deficit fund balance of \$8,042 and the Recorder of Deeds Online Maintenance and Operations fund had a deficit fund balance of \$2,956.

## NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

#### A. County Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2022, cash balances were comprised of demand deposits and certificates of deposit. As required by law, the depository banks are to pledge securities in addition to Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance to equal the amount on deposit at all times. At December 31, 2022, the carrying amount and bank balance of the County's deposits are \$83,084,379, and \$83,279,075, respectively. Of the bank balance, \$14,687,915 was insured by federal depository insurance, \$68,591,160 was collateralized, and \$-0- was not collateralized.

# B. Regional Emergency Medical Services Authority (REMSA – a Discretely Presented Component Unit)

At December 31, 2022, the carrying amount and bank balance of REMSA's deposits are \$4,645,079 and \$4,669,834, respectively. Of the bank balance, \$100,000 was insured by federal depository insurance and \$4,569,834 was collateralized.

#### C. Tourism Board (a Discretely Presented Component Unit)

The Tourism Board does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk; however, it must follow requirements set forth in state statutes. The carrying amount and bank balances of the Tourism Board's deposits are \$766,233 and \$905,707, respectively, at December 31, 2022. Of the bank balance, \$82,890 was insured by federal depository insurance, and \$822,286 was collateralized.

At December 31, 2022, the Tourism Board had the following investments, maturities, and credit ratings:

	F	air Value	Credit Rating	Investment Maturity
Investments:	•	45 33 4		
Money Market Mutual Funds Fixed Income Investments:	\$	45,774	Aaa	<1 Year
U.S. Treasury Bond Funds		528,823	AA	1 to 3 Years
U.S. Treasury Bond Funds		418,200	AA	3 to 7 Years
U.S. Treasury Notes		402,359	AA	1 to 5 Years
U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected				
Securities Bond Fund		377,330	AA	7 to 10 Years
Total	\$	1,772,486		

Credit rating for the money market mutual funds are from Moody's while the fixed income investments are from Standard & Poor's.

## NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

## C. Tourism Board (a Discretely Presented Component Unit) (Continued)

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Tourism Board does not have an officially adopted policy related to interest rate risk; however, state statute requirements limit investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The statutes state that investments will not have a maturity greater than five years from the date of purchase.

## Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Credit risk is measured using credit quality ratings of investments in debt securities as described by nationally recognized rating agencies such as Standard & Poor's and Moody's. The Tourism Board does not have an officially adopted policy related to credit risk and the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At December 31, 2022, the Tourism Board was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

## <u>Fair Value</u>

The Tourism Board categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs such as third-party pricing services for identical assets; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Tourism Board has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2022:

	Fair Value Level 1		 Level 2	
Investments:				
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	45,774	\$ 45,774	\$ -
Fixed Income Investments:				
U.S. Treasury Bond Funds		947,023	947,023	-
U.S. Treasury Notes		402,359	-	402,359
U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected				
Securities Bond Fund		377,330	377,330	-
Total	\$	1,772,486	\$ 1,370,127	\$ 402,359

## NOTE 4 PROPERTY AND OTHER TAX RECEIVABLES

A summary of tax receivables for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Property			Sales and
	Taxes			Use Taxes
General Fund	\$	105,632	\$	1,379,337
Road and Bridge Fund		469,365		-
Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund		-		1,423,265
Levee Repair Sales Tax Fund		-		595
Captial Improvement Sales Tax Fund		-		689,668
Ambulance Sales Tax Fund		-		689,109
Other Governmental Funds		-		539,349
Total	\$	574,997	\$	4,721,323

The assessed valuation of the tangible property for the purpose of local taxation was as follows:

Real Estate	\$ 994,365,634
Personal Property	 456,471,578
Total	\$ 1,450,837,212

The tax levy per \$100 of assessed valuation of tangible property for the calendar year 2022 was as follows:

General Fund	\$ 0.0751
Road and Bridge Fund	0.2911

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied no later than October 31 and are due and payable at December 31. All unpaid taxes levied by October 31 become delinquent January 1 of the following year. Property taxes levied on October 31, 2022, are revenues for the budget year ended December 31, 2023, and accordingly, any amounts collected for these taxes prior to year-end have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the accompanying statements.

The property tax receivable represents property taxes levied on or before October 31, 2022, not collected. The County also acts as an intermediary in the collection and distribution of property taxes to other entities. This activity is included in the Taxes and Penalties custodial fund.

# NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Balance December 31, 2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31, 2022
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated/Amortized:				
Land	\$ 2,800,701	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,800,701
Construction in Progress	-	1,095,640	-	1,095,640
Total Capital Assets Not				
Being Depreciated/Amortized	2,800,701	1,095,640	-	3,896,341
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized:				
Buildings and Improvements	35,001,579	-	-	35,001,579
Furniture and Equipment	6,080,118	271,394	-	6,351,512
Machinery and Vehicles	8,562,920	450,972	(754,457)	8,259,435
Infrastructure	92,689,032	1,995,299	(2,227,107)	92,457,224
Right of Use Asset	1,000,942	-		1,000,942
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated/Amortized	143,334,591	2,717,665	(2,981,564)	143,070,692
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	24,782,507	956,893	-	25,739,400
Furniture and Equipment	4,930,081	488,622	-	5,418,703
Machinery and Vehicles	7,060,571	525,726	(748,473)	6,837,824
Infrastructure	79,579,071	1,844,347	(2,227,107)	79,196,311
Right of Use Asset	-	206,414	-	206,414
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation/Amortization	116,352,230	4,022,002	(2,975,580)	117,398,652
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated/Amortized, Net	26,982,361	(1,304,337)	(5,984)	25,672,040
Governmental Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	\$ 29,783,062	\$ (208,697)	\$ (5,984)	\$ 29,568,381

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to the functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Government Activities:	
General Government	\$ 704,613
Public Safety	1,059,440
Road and Bridge	 2,257,949
Total	\$ 4,022,002

## NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Capital asset activity for the year ended December, 2022, for the Regional Emergency Medical Services Authority (a discretely presented component unit) consisted of the following:

	Balance December 31, 2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31, 2022
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 521,316		\$ -	\$ 521,316
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	521,316	-	-	521,316
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	3,541,170	57,677		3,598,847
Equipment	1,441,485	94,337		1,535,822
Vehicles	3,254,110	-		3,254,110
Computer Equipment	320,334	53,108		373,442
Software	-	40,000		40,000
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	8,557,099	245,122	-	8,802,221
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	3,549,345	937,915		4,487,260
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	5,007,754	(692,793)		4,314,961
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 5,529,070	\$ (692,793)	\$-	\$ 4,836,277

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, for the Tourism Board (a discretely presented component unit) consisted of the following:

	-	Balance ember 31, 2021	Inc	creases	De	creases	Balance cember 31, 2022
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	192,575	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 192,575
Total Capital Assets Not Being							
Depreciated		192,575		-		-	192,575
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Land Improvements		17,734		-		-	17,734
Building		1,200,618		59,777		-	1,260,395
Furniture and Equipment		157,806		1,551		(14,667)	 144,690
Total Capital Assets Being						_	
Depreciated		1,376,158		61,328		(14,667)	1,422,819
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		233,042		47,261		(14,667)	 265,636
Total Capital Assets Being							 
Depreciated, Net		1,143,116		14,067		-	 1,157,183
Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,335,691	\$	14,067	\$	-	\$ 1,349,758

## NOTE 6 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT LOANS

These loans consist of economic development loans that are collateralized by letters of credit and will be forgiven over time if the recipient meets certain requirements, generally consisting of expansion and job creation, as described in the loan agreement. The following table summarizes economic development loan activity for the year ended December 31, 2022:

Be	ginning of		New				
	Year		Loans Issued		Loans Forgiven		nd of Year
\$	335,001	\$	600,000	\$	(73,333)	\$	861,668

The loans are scheduled to be forgiven if the recipient meets the requirements in the following increments:

<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	Amount	
2023	\$ 193,333	
2024	193,335	
2025	185,000	
2026	165,000	
2027	 125,000	
Total	\$ 861,668	

#### NOTE 7 LEASE REVENUE

The County leases building space to various wireless providers for the placement of antennae, as well as business space within the courthouse. Leases are structured to commence at various amounts and are subject to renewals. Interest rates utilized in the calculation of the lease amounts range from 2.44% to 4.19%. The leases have maturity dates ranging from 2025 to 2102, which include reasonably certain renewal options. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the County recognized \$20,757 and \$31,174 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to these contracts. Total future minimum lease payments to be received under lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 8,272	\$ 13,177	\$ 21,449
2024	8,872	13,177	22,049
2025	9,497	13,177	22,674
2026	10,153	13,177	23,330
2027	8,790	14,165	22,955
2028 - 2032	54,001	73,560	127,561
2033 - 2037	62,548	80,916	143,464
2038 - 2042	86,655	89,008	175,663
2043 - 2047	90,703	97,908	188,611
2048 - 2052	-	107,699	107,699
2053 - 2057	-	118,469	118,469
2058 - 2062	-	130,316	130,316
2063 - 2067	-	143,348	143,348
2068 - 2072	-	157,682	157,682
2073 - 2077	-	173,451	173,451
2078 - 2082	-	190,796	190,796
2083 - 2087	-	209,875	209,875
2088 - 2092	72,911	157,952	230,863
2093 - 2097	185,653	68,296	253,949
2098 - 2102	210,118	23,816	233,934
Total	\$ 808,173	\$ 1,889,966	\$ 2,698,139

#### NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS

#### A. Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System

- (1) <u>Plan Description</u> The County's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The County participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multiemployer, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and administered in accordance with RSMO. 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS Board of Trustees consisting of six trustees elected by the members and one trustee appointed by the Governor. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS website at www.molagers.org.
- (2) <u>Benefits Provided</u> LAGERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after five years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 (55 for police and fire) with five or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of five years of credited service and after attaining age 55 (50 for police and fire) and receive a reduced allowance.

	2020 Valuation
Benefit Multiplier	2.00% for life
Final Average Salary	5 Years
Member Contributions	0%

Benefit terms provide for annual postretirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

(3) <u>Employees Covered by Benefit Terms</u> – At December 31, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	General	Police	Total
Retirees and Beneficiaries	164	57	221
Inactive, Nonretired Members	111	48	159
Active Employees	146	62	208
Total	421	167	588

# NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (Continued)

- (4) <u>Contributions</u> The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Full-time employees of the employer do not contribute to the pension plan. Employer contribution rates are 9.4% (General) and 14.0% (Police) of annual covered payroll.
- (5) <u>Net Pension Asset</u> The employer's net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2022.
- (6) <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> The total pension liability in the February 28, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75% wage inflation; 2.25% price inflation
Salary Increase	2.75% to 6.75% including wage inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%, net of investment expenses

The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubG2010 Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The preretirement mortality tables used were 75% of the PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of General groups and 75% of the PubS-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of Police, Fire and Public Safety groups.

Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of a five-year actuarial experience study for the period March 1, 2015 through February 29, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table.

# NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (Continued)

#### (6) Actuarial Assumptions (Continued) -

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
<u>Asset Class</u>	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	39.00 %	4.16 %
Fixed Income	28.00	1.05
Real Assets/Real Return	33.00	2.09

(7) <u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0% for the February 28, 2022 and February 29, 2021 actuarial valuations. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

# (8) Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Increase (Decrease)					
Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability (Asset)	
	(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
\$	55,921,186	\$	73,106,902	\$	(17,185,716)
	1,104,646		-		1,104,646
	3,859,687		-		3,859,687
	1,236,986		-		1,236,986
	-		-		-
	-		1,187,332		(1,187,332)
	-		35,724		(35,724)
	-		49,618		(49,618)
	(2,697,183)		(2,697,183)		-
	-		(58,228)		58,228
	-		(469,913)		469,913
	3,504,136		(1,952,650)		5,456,786
\$	59,425,322	\$	71,154,252	\$	(11,728,930)
		Liability (a) \$ 55,921,186 1,104,646 3,859,687 1,236,986 - - - (2,697,183) - - 3,504,136	Total Pension         PI           Liability         N           (a)         \$           \$ 55,921,186         \$           1,104,646         3,859,687           1,236,986         -           -         -           (2,697,183)         -           -         -           3,504,136         -	Total Pension (a)         Plan Fiduciary Net Position           (a)         (b)           \$ 55,921,186         73,106,902           1,104,646         -           3,859,687         -           1,236,986         -           -         1,187,332           -         35,724           -         49,618           (2,697,183)         (2,697,183)           -         (58,228)           -         (469,913)           3,504,136         (1,952,650)	Total Pension         Plan Fiduciary         Net Position         Lia           (a)         (b)         (b)         (b)         (c)         (c)

# NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

# A. Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (Continued)

(9) <u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> – The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's net pension liability (asset) would be using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher, (8.00%) than the current rate.

		Current Single	
	One Percent	Discount Rate	One Percent
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (3,485,671)	\$ (11,728,930)	\$ (18,533,158)

(10) Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions – For the year ended December 31, 2022, the employer recognized a pension benefit of \$1,411,594 (\$1,359,059 (General) and \$52,535 (Police)). The employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources					
		General		Police		Total
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Difference Between Projected and	\$	442,704 -	\$	505,930 -	\$	948,634 -
Actual Investment Returns Contributions Subsequent to the		-		-		-
Measurement Date		374,710		283,653		658,363
Total	\$	817,414	\$	789,583	\$	1,606,997
		Deferr	ed In	flows of Reso	ource	es
		General		Police		Total
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions	\$	(663,361) (506,931)	\$	(109,910) (149,208)	\$	(773,271) (656,139)
Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Returns Total	\$	(992,303) (2,162,595)	\$	(670,830) (929,948)	\$	(1,663,133) (3,092,543)

# NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (Continued)

# (10) <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	 Amount		
2023	\$ (1,156,848)		
2024	(860,034)		
2025	(1,126,822)		
2026	 999,795		
Total	\$ (2,143,909)		

(11) <u>Payable to the LAGERS Pension Plan</u> – At December 31, 2022, the County had a payable outstanding amount of contributions of \$146,994 due to the pension plan.

# B. County Employee Retirement Fund

(1) <u>Plan Description</u> – In addition to LAGERS, benefit eligible employees of the County are provided with pensions through County Employees' Retirement Fund (CERF) - a mandatory cost-sharing, multiemployer defined benefit pension plan established in 1994. Laws governing CERF are found in Sections 50.1000-50.1300 of the Missouri Revised Statutes. As such, it is CERF's responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of CERF is vested in the Board of Directors consisting of eleven members. CERF issues a publicly available Annual Financial Report that can be obtained at <u>www.mocerf.org.</u>

# NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### B. County Employee Retirement Fund (Continued)

- (2) <u>Benefits Provided</u> CERF is a defined benefit plan providing retirement and death benefits to its members. All benefits vest after eight years of creditable service. Employees who retire on or after age 62 are entitled to an allowance for life based on the form of payment selected. The normal form of payment is a single life annuity. Optional joint and survivor annuity and 10-year certain and life annuity payments are also offered to members in order to provide benefits to a named survivor annuitant after their death. Employees who have a minimum of eight years of creditable service may retire with an early retirement benefit and receive a reduced allowance after attaining age 55. Annual cost of living adjustments, not to exceed 1%, are provided for eligible retirees of survivor annuitants, up to a lifetime maximum of 50% of the initial benefit which the member received upon retirement. Benefit provisions are fixed by state statute and may be amended only by action of the Missouri Legislature.
- (3) <u>Contributions</u> Prior to January 1, 2003, participating county employees, except for those who participated in LAGERS, were required to make contributions equal to 2% of gross compensation. Effective January 1, 2003, participating county employees hired on or after February 25, 2002, are required to make contributions of 4% if they are in a LAGERS county and contributions of 6% if they are in a non-LAGERS county. If an employee leaves covered employment before attaining eight years of creditable service, accumulated employee contributions are refunded to the employee. The contribution rate is set by state statute and may be amended only by action of the Missouri Legislature. Counties may elect to make all or a portion of the required 4% for anyone hired between February 25, 2002 and January 31, 2003. Employees hired between January 31, 2003 and December 31, 2008 pay 2% and the County pays the remaining 2%. Employees hired after December 31, 2008 pay the required 4% contribution.

In addition to the above contributions required of employees, the following fees and penalties prescribed under Missouri law are required to be collected and remitted to CERF by counties covered by the plan:

- Late fees on filing of personal property tax declarations,
- \$20 on each merchants and manufacturers license issued,
- \$6 on each document recorded or filed with county recorders of deeds, with an additional \$1 on each document recorded,
- Three sevenths of the fee on delinquent property taxes, and
- Interest earned on investment of the above collections prior to remittance to CERF.

Further information related to required contributions, pension benefits, other plan terms, and investments and related return and financial information can be found in the notes to the financial statements of CERF's Annual Financial Report.

# NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### B. County Employee Retirement Fund (Continued)

- (3) <u>Contributions (Continued)</u> For the CERF measurement year ended December 31, 2021, the County collected and remitted to CERF contributions of \$902,444.
- (4) <u>Net Pension Liability</u> At December 31, 2022, the County reported a liability of \$2,288,775 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and was based on the most recent actuarial valuation of CERF's independent actuary as of December 31, 2020 projected forward to December 31, 2021, and financial information of the Plan as of December 31, 2021.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based upon the County's actual share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the actual contributions of all participating employers for CERF's plan year and measurement date of December 31, 2021. The County's proportion was 2.5359% 2.4892%, which increased by 0.0467% from the percentage used to allocate the liability as of the prior year.

There were no changes in benefit terms during the CERF plan year and measurement date of December 31, 2021, that affected the measurement of total pension liability.

(5) <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> – For the year ended December 31, 2022, the County recognized pension expense of \$26,081. The County reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
	Re	sources	R	esources
Differences in Experience	\$	57,558	\$	(55,573)
Changes in Assumptions		54,947		(39,706)
Net Difference between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Plan Investments		1,959,541		-
Change in Proportion of Employer Allocation		115,182		(69,979)
Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		966,341		-
Total	\$	3,153,569	\$	(165,258)

# NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### B. County Employee Retirement Fund (Continued)

(5) <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	 Amount		
2023	\$ 712,271		
2024	674,307		
2025	520,782		
2026	 114,610		
Total	\$ 2,021,970		

(6) <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability for the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was based on the most recent actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021, projected forward to December 31, 2021, which is the date of measurement for GASB Statement No. 68 purposes, and was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Compensation Increase	2.91% - 11.05%
Discount Rate	7.25%
Inflation	2.70%
Investment Rate of Return	7.25%

Pub-2010 General Annuitant Table, no adjustments for males and 110% scaling for females. Future mortality improvements assumed using 75% of the MO-2018 scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate rates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and tuition) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

# NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### B. County Employee Retirement Fund (Continued)

#### (6) Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in CERF target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021 are summarized in the following table.

	Target	Expected Real	Weighted Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Return
U.S. Large Cap Equity	20.00 %	7.13 %	1.43 %
U.S. Small Cap Equity	12.00	8.53	1.02
Non-U.S. Equity	18.00	8.22	1.48
U.S. Small Cap Equity	15.00	2.88	0.43
Core Real Estate	5.00	6.60	0.33
Opportunistic Real Estate	5.00	9.60	0.48
Private Equity	5.00	10.47	0.52
Absolute Return	10.00	3.25	0.33
Long/Short Equity	10.00	5.68	0.57
Total	100.00 %		6.59 %
		Inflation	2.75
	Long-Term Expected Ge	eometric Return	9.34 %

(7) <u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25% for the actuarial valuations completed for December 31, 2021 and 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes contributions from plan members will be made at the current statutory rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the Plan's current revenue sources (various fees and penalties collected by the counties). Such revenue was assumed to increase at the rate of 1% per year. This increase assumption has been used by the Plan in prior funding status projections. Historically, revenue increase has averaged more than 1% per year. Based on the assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. The projections covered an 80-year period into the future. The long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was applied to projected benefit payments.

# NOTE 8 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

# B. County Employee Retirement Fund (Continued)

(8) <u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> – The following presents the County's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability calculated by using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

		Current Single		
	One Percent	Discount Rate	One Percent	
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase	
	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,147,942	\$ 2,288,775	\$ (80,117)	

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERF Annual Financial Report.

(9) <u>Payable to the Pension Plan</u> – At December 31, 2022, the County had no outstanding payable amount of contributions due to the CERF pension plan.

Summary of financial reporting of the County's pension plan:

	(	General and Police	CERF	Total
Net Pension Asset	\$	(11,728,930)	\$ -	\$ (11,728,930)
Net Pension Liability		-	 2,288,775	 2,288,775
Total Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(11,728,930)	\$ 2,288,775	\$ (9,440,155)
Pension Related Deferred Outflow	\$	1,606,997	\$ 3,153,569	\$ 4,760,566
Pension Related Deferred Inflow	\$	(3,092,543)	\$ 165,258	\$ (2,927,285)
Pension Expense (Benefit)	\$	(1,411,594)	\$ 26,081	\$ (1,385,513)

# NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

#### A. Plan Description

The County offers postemployment health insurance to retired employees. The benefits are provided through a single employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the County. The eligible group of participants consists of a closed group of employees hired prior to 2006 who are eligible to continue in retirement by paying the required premiums. General employees are eligible for normal retirement at age 60 with five years of service (55 for police) or early retirement at age 55 with five years of service (50 for police). The health insurance benefit provides the same coverage for retirees and their dependents as for active employees and their dependents.

The plan is a single employer plan with no plan investments and is funded on a pay-asyou-go basis.

GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employer for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, requires governments to account for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) on an accrual basis, rather than on a pay-asyou-go basis. The effect is the recognition of an actuarially determined expense on the statement of activities when a future retiree earns their postemployment benefit liability is recognized on the statement of net position over time.

#### B. Benefits Provided

The County provides postemployment healthcare benefits for certain eligible retirees.

#### C. Employees Covered by Benefit Term

As of December 31, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active Employees	50
Retirees and Surviving Spouses	-
Spouses of Current Retirees	
Total	50

# NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### **D.** Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

- Valuation Timing The valuation date is December 31, 2021. This is the date as of which the actuarial valuation was performed. The measurement date is December 31, 2021. This is the date as of which the total OPEB liability is determined.
- (2) Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
- (3) Inflation 2.30%
- (4) Salary Increase 3.00%
- (5) Discount Rate for December 31, 2021 valuation– 2.06%
- (6) Discount Rate for December 31, 2020 valuation 2.12%
- (7) Healthcare Cost Trend Rates The health care trends used in the valuation are based on long-term healthcare trends generated by the Getzen Model.
- (8) Mortality Pub-2010 General and Safety Employees and Healthy Annuitants, with generational projection per Scale MP-2021.

# E. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

OPEB Liability - Beginning of Period	\$ 837,527
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	16,776
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	18,112
Effect of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses	(294,934)
Effect of Assumption Changes or Inputs	17,007
Benefit Payments	-
OPEB Liability - End of Period	\$ 594,488

#### F. Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 2.06%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.06%) or one percentage point higher (3.06%) than the current rate.

		Discount Rate						
	One Percent	One Percent						
	Decrease	Decrease Discount Rate						
	1.06%	2.06%	3.06%					
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 641,138	\$ 594,487	\$ 549,167					

# NOTE 9 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### F. Sensitivity Analysis (Continued)

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the current health care cost trend rates as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current trend rates.

	Healthcare Cost Trend						
	One Percent Current			Current			Percent
	Decrease		Trend Rate		Increa		crease
Total OPEB Liability	\$	530,166	\$	594,487		\$	688,042

# G. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2022 the County recognized an OPEB benefit of \$22,594.

As of December 31, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	D	eferred	I	Deferred
	Ou	tflows of	I	nflows of
	Re	Resources		lesources
Differences in Experience	\$	-	\$	(342,704)
Changes in Assumptions		81,851		(18,005)
Total	\$	81,851	\$	(360,709)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31.	Amount			
2023	\$	(57,481)		
2024		(59,249)		
2025		(57,422)		
2026		(40,772)		
2027		(41,360)		
Thereafter		(22,574)		
Total	\$	(278,858)		

# NOTE 10 LONG-TERM DEBT

# A. Changes in the County's Long-Term Liability Balances

Changes in the County's long-term liability balances for the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Balance cember 31,					De	Balance ecember 31,		ounts Due 'ithin One	
	2021	A	dditions	litions Retirements		Retirements 2022		2022	Year	
Governmental Activities:										
Financed Purchases	\$ 339,282	\$	-	\$	(79,317)	\$	259,965	\$	82,878	
Lease Obligations	1,000,942		-		(191,263)		809,679		197,057	
Compensated Absences*	2,308,941		857,480		(1,002,235)		2,164,186		541,047	
Total	\$ 3,649,165	\$	857,480	\$	(1,272,815)	\$	3,233,830	\$	820,982	

\* Primarily liquidated by the General Fund in prior years.

#### **B.** Financed Purchases

The County has entered into an agreement for the purchase of computer equipment. The total payable of \$434,064 was entered into on January 19, 2021 between the County and Dell Financial Services. The lease payments are due in yearly installments of \$94,550 beginning on February 1, 2021 and conclude on February 1, 2025 with interest of 4.4%. The future lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Principal Inte		 Total
2022	\$	82,878	\$	11,672	\$ 94,550
2023		86,599		7,951	94,550
2024		90,488	_	4,062	 94,550
Total	\$	259,965	\$	23,685	\$ 283,650

#### C. Lease Obligations

The County leases office space, areas for communication equipment, and certain other equipment pursuant to lease agreements with maturity dates ranging from 2024 to 2036, which include reasonably certain renewal options. Interest rates utilized in the calculation of the lease amounts range from 2.06% to 3.49%. Interest expense related to leases for 2022 was \$25,308, and amortization expense was \$206,414.

# NOTE 10 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

# C. Lease Obligations (Continued)

Total future minimum lease payments under lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Principal		 I	nterest		Total
2023	\$	197,057	\$	20,763	_	\$ 217,820		
2024		176,034		16,296		192,330		
2025		70,436		13,314		83,750		
2026		27,983		12,217		40,200		
2027		30,246		11,204		41,450		
2028 - 2032		173,959		38,791		212,750		
2033 - 2037		133,964		7,336		141,300		
Total	\$	809,679	\$	119,921	_	\$ 929,600		

Assets acquired through these lease liabilities are:

Right-to-Use Assets	\$ 1,000,942
Less: Accumulated Amortization	 (206,414)
Total	\$ 794,528

# D. Conduit Debt

The County has issued taxable industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private business for economic development. Under related agreements in forming the Buchanan County Industrial Development Authority (IDA) in 2014, the County will lease the projects to the businesses and the corresponding rental receipts shall be applied to pay the debt service on the bonds. The bonds and interest thereon are special obligations of the of a community improvement district and a tax increment revenue district in Saint Joseph, Missouri and thus shall not constitute obligations of the County. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying basic financial statements. As of December 31, 2022, there are three series of taxable industrial revenue bonds outstanding, with a principal amount payable of \$8,485,621, from an originally authorized amount of \$12,000,000.

# NOTE 11 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transfers during the year ended December 31 were as follows:

	Transfers In			Tra	nsfers Out
General Fund	\$	229,848		\$	38,000
Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund		38,000			-
Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund		-			130,510
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		55,131			154,469
Total	\$	322,979		\$	322,979

In general, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects the money to the fund that expends the money, (2) move receipts restricted or earmarked for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in a fund to provide operating advances to other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Amounts due from and to other funds were as follows at December 31:

	Due fr	om Other	Due	to Other
	F	unds	F	unds
General Fund	\$	2,738	\$	7,477
Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund		5,084		-
Other Governmental Funds		76		421
Total	\$	7,898	\$	7,898

Amounts due from and to other funds are used to account for services performed by other funds.

#### NOTE 12 CONTINGENCIES

The County is a defendant in several lawsuits that arise from time to time in the ordinary course of business. The County believes it has substantial defenses in these matters. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of County management and legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

The County participates in several federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental entities. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the County may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of December 31, 2022, the County believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual government funds, or the overall financial position of the County.

#### NOTE 13 SELF-INSURANCE

The County limits exposure to various types of risk by obtaining commercial insurance for property and general liability claims. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The County has established internal service funds to account for and finance its self-insured health insurance program. The Health Insurance Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$75,000 for each claim at which point stop loss insurance will cover the rest. All funds of the County with salary expenditures participate in the self-insurance program and make payments to the Health Insurance fund based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current-year claims and to establish net position sufficient for catastrophic losses. The claims liability in this fund at December 31, 2022 is based on the requirement that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in claims liability during 2021 and 2022 are as follows:

	В	eginning	Claims		F	Payments/		
Year		Year		Incurred		Adjustments		End of Year
2021	\$	200,021	\$	2,108,620	\$	2,075,344	\$	233,297
2022		233,297		2,025,746		1,942,050		316,993

# NOTE 14 TAX ABATEMENTS

The County promotes and utilizes the following economic development incentives and activities:

Enhanced Enterprise Zone Benefits – The County, per RSMO 135, participates in the "Enhanced Enterprise Zones" program designed to ease the financial burden on growing businesses. Eligible facilities can receive a minimum of 50% abatement of property taxes for improvements made to real property for a period of 10 years from assessment of improvements.

Missouri Chapter 100 bonds – The enacting authority for Chapter 100 tax abatements is Chapter 100, RSMO. Generally, a Chapter 100 project transfers property to a municipality for a specified number of years.

An Industrial Development Plan must be approved by the County. The County can then issue bonds to facilitate the financing of a variety of projects including offices, warehouses, distribution facilities, and industrial plants. Land, buildings, fixtures and machinery may also be financed using the bond proceeds. The use of these bonds provides the ability to abate a percentage of real and/or personal property tax. In addition to debt payment, there may be negotiated payment in lieu of taxes. A sales tax exemption when purchasing equipment, machinery and other eligible purchases may also be provided. Each agreement will vary from project to project.

# NOTE 14 TAX ABATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Chapter 353 Tax Abatement – The enacting authority for Chapter 353 tax abatements is Chapter 353, RSMO. Chapter 353 is a tax abatement whereby property transfers through a redevelopment corporation and can last up to 25 years. For example, in a 25year abatement, 100% of real property taxes may be abated, except for the base property taxes for the land, for the first 10 years. In the subsequent 15 years, 50% of all taxes may be abated. Chapter 353 tax abatements may involve negotiated PILOTs. Often, a project will seek eligibility for tax abatement by seeking to redevelop a blighted area. Each agreement will vary from project to project.

Tax Increment Financing – The Authority is subject to sales tax abatements through various programs implemented by Buchanan County and the City of St. Joseph, Missouri, which include Tax Increment Financing (TIF). The enacting authority for TIF is Chapter 99, RSMO. A TIF project diverts tax revenue, above an established base level of taxes, to a special allocation fund that allows certain project costs to be reimbursed for up to 23 years. Most commonly, the two sources of funds that are diverted are Payments In Lieu of Taxes (PILOTs) and Economic Activity Taxes (EATs). Generally, 100% of PILOTs (real property based taxes) and 50% of EATs (sales, utilities, and earnings based taxes) are diverted. A basic requirement, as outlined in Section 99.810.1 (1), RSMO, is: "The redevelopment area on the whole is a blighted area, a conservation area, or an economic development area, and has not been subject to growth and development through investment by private enterprise and would not reasonably be anticipated to be developed without the adoption of tax increment financing." Each agreement will vary from project to project.

The financial impact of each abatement program on the County is summarized below:

Type of Abatement	 Amount			
Chapter 353	\$ 23,098			
Chapter 100	124,023			
Enhanced Enterprize Zone	88,829			
Tax Increment Financing	 1,596,472			
Total	\$ 1,832,422			

# BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts Budgetary			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original	AIII	Final	l	Basis	(	Negative)	
REVENUES		Oliginal				00313		Negative)	
Taxes:									
Property	\$	942,530	\$	942,530	\$	1,024,333	\$	81,803	
Sales	Ŧ	7,779,110	Ŷ	7,779,110	Ŧ	8,974,047	Ŷ	1,194,937	
License, Finds, Fees, and Permits		2,172,039		2,172,039		4,088,939		1,916,900	
Intergovernmental		2,676,192		2,676,192		1,551,627		(1,124,565)	
Interest Income		_,0:0,:0_		_,0:0,:0_		28,069		28,069	
Other		176,435		176,435		251,700		75,265	
Total Revenues		13,746,307		13,746,307		15,918,715		2,172,408	
EXPENDITURES Current:									
General Government		11,389,429		11,453,990		4,411,542		(7,042,448)	
Assessment and Collections		516,036		516,036		725,620		209,584	
Public Safety		7,157,494		7,230,340		6,485,143		(745,197)	
Community Development		220,000		220,000		151,150		(68,850)	
Total Expenditures		19,282,960		19,420,366		11,773,455		(7,646,911)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(5,536,653)		(5,674,059)		4,145,260		9,819,319	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In		130,760		130,760		229,848		99,088	
Transfers Out		130,700		130,700		(38,000)		(38,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		130,760		130,760		191,848		61,088	
Total Other T mancing Sources (Uses)		130,700		130,700		191,040		01,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(5,405,893)	\$	(5,543,299)		4,337,108	\$	9,880,407	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year						7,610,314			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	11,947,422			
RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF REVE AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Governmental Funds:	ENUE	ES, EXPENDIT	URE	S,					
Change in Fund Balance from Above					\$	4,337,108			
Change in Fund Balance from Other Comb	ined	Funds			·	14,209			
Total Reconciled Change in Fund Balance						4,351,317			
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year from Abov	е					7,610,314			
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year from Other		nbined Funds				12,362			
Total Reconciled Fund Balance - Beginni						7,622,676			
Total Reconciled Combined General Fun	d Ba	lance - End of	Year		\$	11,973,993			

# BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Budgeted	l Ame	nunte	Actual Amounts Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Basis			
REVENUES		Original		Filla		Dasis	(	Negative)	
Taxes:	•	4 070 000	•	4 070 000	•		•		
Property	\$	4,070,000	\$	4,070,000	\$	4,304,309	\$	234,309	
License, Finds, Fees, and Permits		-		-		143,620		143,620	
Intergovernmental		621,500		621,500		949,573		328,073	
Other		8,000		8,000		15,198		7,198	
Total Revenues		4,699,500		4,699,500		5,412,700		713,200	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Road and Bridge		5,795,351		5,795,351		4,993,324		(802,027)	
Total Expenditures		5,795,351		5,795,351		4,993,324		(802,027)	
		0,100,001		0,100,001		.,		(002,021)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(1,095,851)	\$	(1,095,851)		419,376	\$	1,515,227	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year						555,020			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	974,396			

# BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – LAW ENFORCEMENT SALES TAX FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES							
Taxes:	<b>• -</b> • • •		7 0 4 0 0 0 0	•	0 007 000	•	4 700 040
Sales	\$ 7,340		7,340,880	\$	9,067,228	\$	1,726,348
Intergovernmental		3,000	383,000		626,650		243,650
Total Revenues	7,723	3,880	7,723,880		9,693,878		1,969,998
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Public Safety	11,226	6,223	11,226,223		8,063,324		(3,162,899)
Total Expenditures	11,226	5,223	11,226,223		8,063,324		(3,162,899)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(3,502	2,343)	(3,502,343)		1,630,554		5,132,897
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	3,190	,089	3,190,089		38,000		(3,152,089)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,190	,089	3,190,089		38,000		(3,152,089)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (312	2,254) \$	(312,254)		1,668,554	\$	1,980,808
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year					979,208		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR				\$	2,647,762		

# BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – LEVEE REPAIR SALES TAX FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Dudesta		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Amounts Final	Budgetary Basis	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Taxes:	Onginar	Filla	Dasis	(Negalive)	
Sales Interest Income	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$	\$	
Total Revenues		-	11,714	11,714	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Capital Outlay	11,142,441	11,142,441	6,548,730	(4,593,711)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (11,142,441)	\$ (11,142,441)	(6,537,016)	\$ 4,605,425	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			10,938,861		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 4,401,845		

# BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – PANDEMIC RELIEF FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Budgetary		Positive	
	 Original	Final		Basis		(Negative)	
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	-	\$	3,048,018	\$	3,048,018
Interest Income	 500		500		681		181
Total Revenues	500		500		3,048,699		3,048,199
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety	 7,842,818		7,842,818		3,048,699		(4,794,119)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (7,842,318)	\$	(7,842,318)		-	\$	7,842,318
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year							
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR				\$			

# BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – AMBULANCE SALES TAX FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

						Actual Amounts		iance with al Budget
	Budgeted Amounts					Budgetary		Positive
		Original	Final		Basis		(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
Sales	\$	3,888,095	\$	4,498,879	\$	4,481,043	\$	(17,836)
Intergovernmental		30,000		30,000		30,618		618
Total Revenues		3,918,095		4,528,879		4,511,661		(17,218)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public Safety		4,005,617		4,586,401		4,531,043		(55,358)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(87,522)	\$	(57,522)		(19,382)	\$	38,140
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year						95,493		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	76,111		

# BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION ASSET/LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – MISSOURI LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY								
Service Costs	\$ 1,104,646	\$ 1,078,552	\$ 1,072,909	\$ 1,105,299	\$ 1,083,551	\$ 1,096,191	\$ 1,093,655	\$ 1,055,832
Interest on Total Pension Liability	3,859,687	3,985,721	3,912,123	3,757,917	3,619,928	3,490,933	3,273,172	3,089,438
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience								
of the Total Pension Liability	1,236,986	(762,092)	(1,265,868)	(288,981)	(609,713)	(516,166)	(959,031)	202,277
Changes in Assumptions	-	(1,364,285)	-	-	-	-	1,754,596	-
Benefit Payments and Refunds	(2,697,183)	(2,874,360)	(2,544,992)	(2,321,629)	(2,084,787)	(2,479,339)	(1,851,712)	(1,812,704)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	3,504,136	63,536	1,174,172	2,252,606	2,008,979	1,591,619	3,310,680	2,534,843
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of Year	55,921,186	55,857,650	54,683,478	52,430,872	50,421,893	48,830,274	45,519,594	42,984,751
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - END OF YEAR (a)	\$ 59,425,322	\$ 55,921,186	\$ 55,857,650	\$ 54,683,478	\$ 52,430,872	\$ 50,421,893	\$ 48,830,274	\$ 45,519,594
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION								
Contributions - Employer	\$ 1,187,332	\$ 1,217,707	\$ 1,156,085	\$ 1,275,981	\$ 1,286,888	\$ 1,243,879	\$ 1,256,426	\$ 1,343,010
Contributions - Employee	35,724	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Investment Income	49,618	16,068,514	767,491	3,742,390	6,224,159	5,666,248	(70,072)	946,125
Benefit Payments and Refunds	(2,697,183)	(2,874,360)	(2,544,992)	(2,321,629)	(2,084,787)	(2,479,339)	(1,851,712)	(1,812,704)
Administrative Expenses	(58,228)	(52,794)	(69,908)	(60,727)	(43,534)	(42,223)	(41,552)	(44,644)
Other (Net Transfer)	(469,913)	147,658	(156,452)	(226,404)	(138,271)	(207,915)	(165,376)	(26,229)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(1,952,650)	14,506,725	(847,776)	2,409,611	5,244,455	4,180,650	(872,286)	405,558
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year	73,106,902	58,600,177	59,447,953	57,038,342	51,793,887	47,613,237	48,485,523	48,079,965
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - END OF YEAR (b)	\$ 71,154,252	\$ 73,106,902	\$ 58,600,177	\$ 59,447,953	\$ 57,038,342	\$ 51,793,887	\$ 47,613,237	\$ 48,485,523
NET PENSION (ASSET) LIABILITY (a) - (b)	\$ (11,728,930)	\$ (17,185,716)	\$ (2,742,527)	\$ (4,764,475)	\$ (4,607,470)	\$ (1,371,994)	\$ 1,217,037	\$ (2,965,929)
Plan Net Position as a Percentage of the Total								
Pension Liability	119.74%	130.73%	104.91%	108.71%	108.79%	102.72%	97.51%	106.52%
Covered Payroll	\$ 9,687,017	\$ 9,415,519	\$ 9,287,662	\$ 9,429,232	\$ 9,785,226	\$ 9,288,657	\$ 9,548,168	\$ 9,458,715
Net Pension (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	-121.08%	-182.53%	-29.53%	-50.53%	-47.09%	-14.77%	12.75%	-31.36%

This schedule is intended to present 10 years of information. Additional years will be added as information becomes available.

# BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS – MISSOURI LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (LAGERS) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

# LAGERS (GENERAL AND POLICE)

	Actuarially				
	Determined	Contribution	Deficiency	Covered	Contribution as
<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Contribution	in Relation	(Excess)	Payroll *	Percentage
2013	\$ 1,338,293	\$ 1,322,698	\$ 15,595	\$ 9,046,737	14.62 %
2014	1,362,293	1,352,435	9,858	9,442,883	14.32
2015	1,277,572	1,277,569	3	9,574,771	13.34
2016	1,248,078	1,248,076	2	9,750,247	12.80
2017	1,248,934	1,248,936	(2)	9,481,125	13.17
2018	1,325,572	1,325,572	-	9,930,449	13.35
2019	1,208,798	1,208,798	-	9,679,754	12.49
2020	1,217,896	1,217,896	-	9,693,501	12.56
2021	1,185,592	1,185,592	-	9,658,443	12.28
2022	1,207,966	1,207,965	1	10,672,175	11.32

\* Covered Payroll is measured at the end of the fiscal year, which is December 31.

# BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS – MISSOURI LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (LAGERS) (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Valuation Date:	February 28, 2022						
Notes:	The roll-forward of total pension liability from February 28, 2022 to June 30, 2022 reflects expected service cost and interest reduced by actual benefit payments.						
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determin	ne Contribution Rates:						
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal and Modified Terminal Funding						
Amortization Method	A level percentage of payroll amortization method is used to amortize the UAAL over a closed period of years. If the UAAL (excluding the UAAL associated with benefit changes) is negative, then this amount is amortized over the greater of (i) the remaining initial amortization period or (ii) 15 years.						
Remaining Amortization Period	Multiple Bases from 8 to 15 Years						
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market; 20% Corridor						
Inflation Assumption	2.75% Wage Inflation; 2.25% Price Inflation						
Salary Increases	2.75% to 6.75% Including Wage Inflation						
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%, Net of Investment Expenses						
Retirement Age	Experienced-Based Table of Rates that are Specific to the Type of Eligibility Condition						
Mortality	The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubG 2010 Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post - retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were 75% of the PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of General groups and 75% of the PubS-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of Police, Fire and Public Safety groups.						
Other Information	None						

#### BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET PENSION LIABILITY – COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022**	2021**	2020**	2019**	2018**	2017**	2016**	2015**
County's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability	2.54%	2.49%	2.46 %	2.58 %	2.54 %	2.69 %	2.67 %	2.68 %
County's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,288,774	\$ 3,870,694	\$ 4,845,370	\$ 6,396,729	\$ 5,024,792	\$ 6,044,386	\$ 5,163,500	\$ 3,008,248
County's Covered Payroll	\$ 11,961,456	\$ 11,469,523	\$ 10,651,415	\$ 10,674,615	\$ 10,177,699	\$ 10,524,466	\$ 9,936,812	\$ 9,575,798
County Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	19.13%	33.75%	45.49%	60.16%	49.37%	57.43%	51.96%	31.42%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	89.50 %	81.12 %	74.92 %	66.43 %	72.02 %	66.70 %	78.83 %	78.83 %

Ultimately, 10 fiscal years will be displayed. Information for prior years is not available.

\*\* Amounts presented for the reported year-end were determined as of the measurement date of December 31, of the prior year.

Payroll data is calculated using the County's proportion of the net pension liability against plan totals.

#### BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS – COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022**	2021**	2020**	2019**	2018**	2017**	2016**	2015**
County Statutorily Required Contribution County Actual Contributions	\$ 902,444 902,444	\$ 829,765 829,765	\$ 765,059 765,059	\$ 731,548 731,548	\$ 532,933 532,933	\$ 545,040 545,040	\$ 533,254 533,254	\$     533,301 533,301
County Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	\$	\$
County Covered Payroll	\$ 11,961,456	\$ 11,469,523	\$ 10,651,415	\$ 10,674,615	\$ 10,177,699	\$ 9,936,812	\$ 9,575,798	\$ 9,575,798
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	7.54%	7.23%	7.18%	6.85%	5.24%	5.49%	5.57%	5.57%

Actuarial Valuations, Methods, and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Discount Rate	7.25%
Inflation	2.70%
Salary Increases	2.91% to 11.05%
Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Mortality	Pub-2010 General Employees Below Median Table, no adjustment for males and 110% scaling for females, and a one-year age set forward for both males and females. The mortality improvement scale is 75% of MP-2018.

Ultimately, 10 fiscal years will be displayed. Information for prior years is not available.

\*\* Amount presented for the reported year-end were determined as of the measurement date of December 31, of the prior year.

# BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY, RELATED RATIOS, AND NOTES DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

	2022			2021	2020	2019	2018	
OPEB Liability - Beginning of Period	\$	\$ 837,527		811,021	\$ 898,917	\$ 952,641	\$	917,163
Changes for the Year:								
Service Cost		16,775		23,524	16,826	28,112		26,314
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		18,112		22,143	36,786	32,585		34,754
Effect of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses		(294,934)		-	(179,518)	-		-
Effect of Assumption Changes or Inputs		17,007		34,040	75,443	(46,813)		23,026
Benefit Payments		-		(53,201)	(37,433)	(67,608)		(48,616)
Total	\$	594,487	\$	837,527	\$ 811,021	\$ 898,917	\$	952,641
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	12,320,754	\$	11,086,703	\$ 10,772,754	\$ 10,893,314	\$	10,686,503
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		4.83%		7.55%	7.53%	8.25%		8.91%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# NOTE 1 BUDGETARY INFORMATION

General Budget Policies: The County adopts calendar-year budgets for all funds by a commissioners meeting in December of the previous year. These budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Based on a process established by the County Commissioners, all departments of the County submit requests for appropriations each year. After review, analysis and discussion with the departments, the proposed budget is presented to the County Commissioners for review. The commission holds public hearings and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than December 31.

The overall budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The legal level of budgetary control – the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations – is the fund level. Budgets may be amended during the year with proper approval.

# NOTE 2 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the County Employee Retirement Fund (CERF) for the year ended December 31:

2018 through 2022

• No changes

2017

• The mortality rates were changed from the RP-2000 combined mortality projected to 2010 using scale AA to RP-2000 combined mortality projected to 2022 using scale BB.

2016

- Investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% to 7.50%.
- Inflation was changed from 3.00% to 2.50%.
- Compensation increases were changed from 4.0% for those with less than 15 years of service and 3.0% for those with 15 or more years of service, including inflation, from 2005 through 2007. Inflation plus an age-graded allowance for merit, promotion, and seniority from 2008 through 2014. Total average increases are approximately 5.3%. The new assumption was 2.50% plus merit.
- The mortality rates were changed from RP-2000 table separately for males and females projected for mortality improvement through 2010 to the RP-2000 combined mortality projected to 2010 using scale AA.

# NOTE 2 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) for the year ended December 31:

#### General Division

2022

• No changes

2021

- Amortization period was changed from multiple bases from 10 to 15 years to multiple bases from 9 to 15 years.
- Inflation changed from 3.25% wage inflation; 2.50% price inflation to 2.75% wage inflation; 2.25% price inflation.
- Salary increases changed from 3.25% to 6.55% including wage inflation to 2.75% to 6.75% including wage inflation.
- Mortality tables changed from RP-2014 tables to 115% of the PubG-2010 tables.

#### 2020

• Amortization period was changed from multiple bases from 11 to 15 years to multiple bases from 10 to 15 years.

# 2019

• Amortization period was changed from multiple bases from 12 to 15 years to multiple bases from 11 to 15 years.

# 2018

 Amortization method was changed from level percentage of payroll, closed to a level percentage of payroll amortization method is used to amortize the UAAL over a closed period of years. If the UAAL (excluding the UAAL associated with benefit changes) is negative, then this amount is amortized over the greater of (i) the remaining initial amortization period or (ii) 15 years.

2017

- Actuarial cost method was changed from entry age normal to entry age normal and modified terminal funding.
- Remaining amortization period was changed from multiple bases from 14 to 15 years to multiple bases from 13 to 15 years.
- Inflation was changed from 3.50% wage inflation; 3.00% price inflation to 3.25% wage inflation; 2.50% price inflation.
- Salary increases changed from 3.50% to 6.80% including wage inflation to 3.25% to 6.55% including wage inflation.

# NOTE 2 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

• Mortality was changed from 105% of the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back 0 years for men and 0 years for women. Based upon experience observed during the most recent five-year period study, it appears that the current table provides for an approximate 13% margin for future mortality improvement. The new mortality used was the healthy retiree mortality tables, for postretirement mortality, were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for postretirement mortality table for males and females. The preretirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employee's mortality table for males and females. Both the postretirement and preretirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

#### Police Division

2022

• No changes

2021

- Amortization period was changed from multiple bases from 10 to 15 years to multiple bases from 9 to 15 years.
- Inflation changed from 3.25% wage inflation; 2.50% price inflation to 2.75% wage inflation; 2.25% price inflation.
- Salary increases changed from 3.25% to 6.55% including wage inflation to 2.75% to 6.75% including wage inflation.
- Mortality tables changed from RP-2014 tables to 115% of the PubG-2010 tables.

#### 2020

• Amortization period was changed from multiple bases from 11 to 15 years to multiple bases from 10 to 15 years.

2019

• Amortization period was changed from multiple bases from 12 to 15 years to multiple bases from 11 to 15 years.

2018

 Amortization method was changed from level percentage of payroll, closed to a level percentage of payroll amortization method is used to amortize the UAAL over a closed period of years. If the UAAL (excluding the UAAL associated with benefit changes) is negative, then this amount is amortized over the greater of (i) the remaining initial amortization period or (ii) 15 years.

2017

- Actuarial cost method was changed from entry age normal to entry age normal and modified terminal funding.
- Remaining amortization period was changed from multiple bases from 14 to 15 years to multiple bases from 13 to 15 years.

# NOTE 2 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2017 (Continued)

- Inflation was changed from 3.50% wage inflation; 3.00% price inflation to 3.25% wage inflation; 2.50% price inflation.
- Salary increases changed from 3.50% to 6.80% including wage inflation to 3.25% to 6.55% including wage inflation.
- Mortality was changed from 105% of the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back 0 years for men and 0 years for women. Based upon experience observed during the most recent five-year period study, it appears that the current table provides for an approximate 13% margin for future mortality improvement. The new mortality used was the healthy retiree mortality tables, for postretirement mortality, were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for postretirement mortality table for males and females. The preretirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employee's mortality table for males and females. Both the postretirement and preretirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

# NOTE 3 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT – CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the other postemployment benefit plan for the year ended December 31:

2022

- The discount rate was changed from 2.12% to 2.06%
- 2021
- The discount rate was changed from 2.74% to 2.12%

#### 2020

• The discount rate was changed from 4.10% to 2.74%

2019

• The discount rate was changed from 3.44% to 4.10%

# BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – GENERAL FUND DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	Gene	eral	Insurance Refund		CERF		Operations		Payroll		Eliminations			Total
Cash and Investments	\$ 10,6 <del>7</del>	4,889	\$	-	\$	13,394	\$	-	\$	215,516	\$	-	\$ 10	),903,799
Taxes Receivable		34,969		-		_		-		-		-		1,484,969
Accounts Receivable		64,720		-		105,451		-		-		-		270,171
Due from Other Governments		59,228		-		-		-		-		-		1,059,228
Due from Other Funds	,	2,080		-		-		3,429		14,386		(17,157)		2,738
Lease Receivable	49	96,643						0,120		,		-		496,643
				<u> </u>				<u> </u>						100,010
Total Assets	\$ 13,88	32,529	\$		\$	118,845	\$	3,429	\$	229,902	\$	(17,157)	\$ 14	1,217,548
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES														
LIABILITIES														
Accounts Payable	\$ 26	6,367	\$	-	\$	105,611	\$	5,045	\$	-	\$	-	\$	377,023
Accrued Expenditures	11	5,846		-		-		-		191,403		-		307,249
Due to Other Funds		1,088		2,116		13,373		3,052		5,005		(17,157)		7,477
Total Liabilities	38	33,301		2,116		118,984		8,097		196,408		(17,157)		691,749
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	1	3,200		-		-		-		-		-		13,200
Property Taxes Levied for Future Year	,	50,314		-		-		-		-		-		1,050,314
Unavailable Revenues - Leases	48	34,284		-		-		-		-		-		484,284
Unavailable Revenues - Other		4,008		-		-		-		-	-	-		4,008
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,55	51,806		-		-		-		-		-		1,551,806
FUND BALANCES														
Unassigned	11,94	7,422		(2,116)		(139)		(4,668)		33,494		-	1^	1,973,993
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows														
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 13,88	32,529	\$	-	\$	118,845	\$	3,429	\$	229,902	\$	(17,157)	\$ 14	1,217,548

# BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

REVENUES	 General		Insurance Refund		CERF		erations- S. Bank	Payroll- S. Bank	To	otal General Fund
Taxes:										
Property	\$ 1,024,333	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,024,333
Sales	8,974,047		-		-		-	-		8,974,047
License, Fines, Fees, and Permits	4,088,939		-		963,830		-	-		5,052,769
Intergovernmental	1,551,627		-		-		-	-		1,551,627
Interest Income	28,069		-		-		-	-		28,069
Other	 251,700							 14,209		265,909
Total Revenues	 15,918,715		-		963,830		-	14,209		16,896,754
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government	4,411,542		-		963,830		-	-		5,375,372
Assessment and Collections	725,620		-		-		-	-		725,620
Public Safety	6,268,572		-		-		-	-		6,268,572
Community Development	151,150		-		-		-	-		151,150
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement	191,263		-		-		-	-		191,263
Interest and Fiscal Charges	25,308		-		-		-	-		25,308
Total Expenditures	 11,773,455		-		963,830		-	-		12,737,285
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)										
EXPENDITURES	4,145,260		-		-		-	14,209		4,159,469
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In	229,848		-		-		-	-		229,848
Transfers Out	 (38,000)		-		-		-	 -		(38,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 191,848	,			-		-	 		191,848
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	4,337,108		-		-		-	14,209		4,351,317
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 7,610,314	,	(2,116)		(139)		(4,668)	 19,285		7,622,676
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 11,947,422	\$	(2,116)	\$	(139)	\$	(4,668)	\$ 33,494	\$	11,973,993

# BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	Gaming Revenue		Law Center Reserve		Law Enforcement Center		Northern LEPC			noppes at rth Village	Tourism Tax	
Cash and Investments	\$	603,694	\$	494,349	\$	147,451	\$	-	\$	613,357	\$	-
Taxes Receivable Accounts Receivable		- 64,279		- 23,513		-		-		- 6,656		275,660
Due from Other Governments		04,279		23,513		-		-		0,050		-
Due from Other Funds Lease Receivable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Lease Receivable		<u> </u>		311,530		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	667,973	\$	829,392	\$	147,451	\$		\$	620,013	\$	275,660
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable	\$	45,968	\$	621	\$	-	\$	-	\$	46,725	\$	275,660
Accrued Expenditures Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		318		-		-
Due to Others								7,724		-		
Total Liabilities		45,968		621		-		8,042		46,725		275,660
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable Revenues - Leases Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		<u>303,035</u> 303,035		-		-		-		-
		-		303,035		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES Restricted:												
General Government		-		-		-		-		573,288		-
Assessment and Collections		-						-		-		-
Public Safety Health and Welfare		622,005		525,736		147,451		-		-		-
Unassigned Deficit		-		-		-		(8,042)		-		-
Total Fund Balances		622,005		525,736		147,451		(8,042)	_	573,288		-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and												
and Fund Balances	\$	667,973	\$	829,392	\$	147,451	\$	-	\$	620,013	\$	275,660

# BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	Local Use	Tax	A	ssessment	Election uthority		Election Services		School Building Revolving Fund	Reir	TIF nbursement	Deed	corder of ls Records servation	 iline Web intenance CPU
Cash and Investments Taxes Receivable Accounts Receivable Due from Other Governments Due from Other Funds	\$		\$	1,353,436 - - - -	\$ 82,908 - 10,000 - -	\$	508,630 - - - -	\$	260,444 - 6,809 -	\$	263,689 - - -	\$	88,246 - 1,816 - -	\$ 74,727 - - -
Lease Receivable Total Assets	\$		\$	1,353,436	\$ 92,908	\$	508,630	\$	267,253	\$	- 263,689	\$	90,062	\$ - 74,727
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES														
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Expenditures Due to Other Funds Due to Others Total Liabilities	\$		\$	382 13,311 - 13,693	\$ 2,901 	\$	69 - - - 69	\$	- - - 3,750 - 3,750	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ - - - - -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenues - Leases Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				<u> </u>	 <u> </u>		-		-		-		-	 <u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES Restricted: General Government Assessment and Collections Public Safety Health and Welfare Unassigned Deficit Total Fund Balances		- - - - -		1,339,743	 89,904 - - 89,904	_	508,561 - - - 508,561	_	263,503 - - 263,503	_	263,689 - - 263,689		90,062 - - 90,062	 74,727 - - - 74,727
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and and Fund Balances	\$		\$	1,353,436	\$ 92,908	\$	508,630	\$	267,253	\$	263,689	\$	90,062	\$ 74,727

## BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	Deed	corder of ls Records chnology	Dee	corder of ds Online and Oper.	Dr	ug Court	) JI	ichanan County uvenile cademy	Att	osecuting orney Bad heck Fee	/ Deli	osecuting Attorney nquent Tax lection Fee	Attor	osecuting ney Check Account	( Victi	uchanan County m Witness Account
Cash and Investments Taxes Receivable Accounts Receivable Due from Other Governments Due from Other Funds Lease Receivable	\$	73,921  964 	\$	30,063 - - - -	\$	97,474 2,361 - -	\$	6,669 - - - -	\$	103,150 - - 76	\$	246,916 - - - -	\$	85,688 - - - - - -	\$	27,956 - - - - -
Total Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$	74,885	\$	30,063	\$	99,835	\$	6,669	\$	103,226	\$	246,916	\$	85,688	\$	27,956
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Expenditures Due to Other Funds Due to Others Total Liabilities	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	2,265 - - 2,265	\$	- - - -	\$	123 - - 123	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenues - Leases Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				<u> </u>						<u> </u>		<u> </u>				<u> </u>
FUND BALANCES Restricted: General Government Assessment and Collections Public Safety Health and Welfare Unassigned Deficit Total Fund Balances	_	74,885		(2,956) (2,956)		97,570 97,570 97,570		6,669 - - 6,669		- 103,103 - 103,103		246,916 - - 246,916		- 85,688 - - 85,688		- 27,956 - 27,956
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and and Fund Balances	\$	74,885	\$	30,063	\$	99,835	\$	6,669	\$	103,226	\$	246,916	\$	85,688	\$	27,956

# BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	Ford Equ	Strike æ Fed iitable aring	Career Criminal		Sheriff Civil Fee	0	Sheriff ate Prisoner Detainee Security	F	Sheriff Revolving Fund	 ollector Tax aintenance	F	laxwell leights emetery	 Total
AGGETG													
Cash and Investments Taxes Receivable	\$	1	\$ 189,275 -	\$	122,092 -	\$	275,928 -	\$	261,236 -	\$ 327,082 -	\$	54,938 -	\$ 6,129,631 539,349
Accounts Receivable		-	-		3,943		16,109		591	4,497		-	141,538
Due from Other Governments		-	-		-		-		-	-		-	-
Due from Other Funds Lease Receivable		-	 -		-		-		-	 -		-	 76 311,530
Total Assets	\$	1	\$ 189,275	\$	126,035	\$	292,037	\$	261,827	\$ 331,579	\$	54,938	\$ 7,122,124
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES													
LIABILITIES													
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$ 4,670	\$	1,724	\$	22,142	\$	25	\$ 839	\$	-	\$ 404,114
Accrued Expenditures		-	-		-		-		-	-		-	13,311
Due to Other Funds Due to Others		-	-		-		-		-	-		-	421 44,493
Total Liabilities		-	 4,670		1,724		22,142		25	 839		-	 462,339
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Unavailable Revenues - Leases		-	 -		-		-		-	 -		-	 303,035
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	-		-		-		-	-		-	303,035
FUND BALANCES Restricted:													
General Government		-	-		-		-		-	-		54,938	1,753,883
Assessment and Collections		-	<u>-</u>		-					330,740		-	1,910,157
Public Safety Health and Welfare		1	184,605		124,311		269,895		261,802	-		-	2,081,703 622,005
Unassigned Deficit		-	-		-		-		-	-		_	(10,998)
Total Fund Balances		1	 184,605	_	124,311		269,895		261,802	 330,740		54,938	 6,356,750
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and			 							 		_	_
and Fund Balances	\$	1	\$ 189,275	\$	126,035	\$	292,037	\$	261,827	\$ 331,579	\$	54,938	\$ 7,122,124

### BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Saming evenue		w Center Reserve		Law orcement Center		orthern LEPC		oppes at rth Village	То	ourism Tax
REVENUES	•		•		•		•		•		•	
Sales Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,793,681
License, Fines, Fees, and Permits		-		129,077		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental Interest Income		886,711		-		-		148,455		-		-
		-		11,468		-		-		-		-
Other Total Revenues		- 886,711		1,069 141,614				- 148,455		51,946 51,946		- 1,793,681
Total Revenues		000,711		141,014		-		140,433		51,940		1,795,001
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General Government		-		-		-		-		-		1,793,681
Assessment and Collections		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public Safety		-		35,392		-		159,673		-		-
Health and Welfare		689,492				-		-		-		-
Community Development				-		-		-		6,166		-
Total Expenditures		689,492		35,392		-		159,673		6,166		1,793,681
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		197,219		106,222		-		(11,218)		45,780		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers In		_		_		-		_		_		_
Transfers Out		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total Other Financing Sources				,								
(Uses)		-		-		-		-		-		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		197,219		106,222		-		(11,218)		45,780		-
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		424,786		419,514		147,451		3,176		527,508		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	622,005	\$	525,736	\$	147,451	\$	(8,042)	\$	573,288	\$	

### BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Local Use Tax	Assessment	Election Authority	Election Services	Building Revolving Fund	TIF Reimbursement	Recorder of Deeds Records Preservation	Online Web Maintenance CPU
REVENUES								
Sales Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,596,472	\$-	\$-
License, Fines, Fees, and Permits	-	1,004,909	254,481	-	288,437	-	31,195	13,648
Intergovernmental	-	134,689	-	7,202	-	-	-	-
Interest Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	1,372	49,350	-			-	-
Total Revenues	-	1,140,970	303,831	7,202	288,437	1,596,472	31,195	13,648
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government	-	-	206,586	7,086	104,612	-	-	-
Assessment and Collections	-	750,744	-	-	-	-	39,379	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Health and Welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Development	-	-	-	-	-	1,435,630	-	-
Total Expenditures	-	750,744	206,586	7,086	104,612	1,435,630	39,379	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	390,226	97,245	116	183,825	160,842	(8,184)	13,648
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In	_	_	_	55,131	_	_	_	_
Transfers Out	_	-	- (55,131)		_		-	
Total Other Financing Sources			(00,101)					
(Uses)			(55,131)	55,131				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	_	390,226	42,114	55,247	183,825	160,842	(8,184)	13,648
NET CHANGE IN FOND BALANCES	-	590,220	42,114	55,247	105,025	100,042	(0,104)	13,040
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		949,517	47,790	453,314	79,678	102,847	98,246	61,079
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u> -	<u> </u>	\$ 89,904	\$ 508,561	\$ 263,503	\$ 263,689	\$ 90,062	\$ 74,727

### BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Deed	corder of s Records chnology	Dee	corder of ds Online . and Oper.	Dr	ug Court	Ju	ounty ivenile ademy	Atto	osecuting orney Bad neck Fee	Delii	Attorney nquent Tax ection Fee	Attorn	secuting ey Check Account	Victir	County n Witness ccount
REVENUES																
Sales Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
License, Fines, Fees, and Permits		14,908		103,692		48,483		1		5,397		-		117		28
Intergovernmental Interest Income		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-		-		-		- 9,633		-		-
Total Revenues		- 14,908		103,692		48,483		1		5,397		9,633		117		28
EXPENDITURES																
Current:																
General Government		-		-		-		-		-		36,660		-		-
Assessment and Collections		2,993		104,752		-		_		-		-		-		-
Public Safety		_,		-		71,793		956		3,403		-		-		-
Health and Welfare		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Community Development		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		2,993		104,752		71,793		956		3,403		36,660		-		-
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		11,915		(1,060)		(23,310)		(955)		1,994		(27,027)		117		28
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																
Transfers In		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers Out		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	. <u> </u>									_				-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		11,915		(1,060)		(23,310)		(955)		1,994		(27,027)		117		28
								/								
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		62,970		(1,896)		120,880		7,624		101,109		273,943		85,571		27,928
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	74,885	\$	(2,956)	\$	97,570	\$	6,669	\$	103,103	\$	246,916	\$	85,688	\$	27,956

### BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Force Equit Sha	able	Caree	er Criminal	Sheriff Civil Fee	Inn	nate Prisoner Detainee Security	Sheriff Revolving Fund	llector Tax iintenance	vell Heights emetery	Total
REVENUES										 	
Sales Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,390,153
License, Fines, Fees, and Permits		-		-	41,594		220,610	18,220	156,747	-	2,331,544
Intergovernmental		-		-	-		-	-	-	-	1,177,057
Interest Income		-		-	-		-	-	-	1	11,469
Other		1		22,544			4,777	-	 -	 -	140,692
Total Revenues		1		22,544	41,594		225,387	18,220	156,747	1	7,050,915
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General Government		-		-	-		-	-	-	2,367	2,150,992
Assessment and Collections		-		-	-		-	-	75,571	-	973,439
Public Safety		-		40,145	20,281		183,754	5,953	-	-	521,350
Health and Welfare		-		-	-		-	-	-	-	689,492
Community Development		-		-	-		-	-	-	-	1,441,796
Total Expenditures		-		40,145	20,281		183,754	5,953	 75,571	2,367	5,777,069
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1		(17,601)	21,313		41,633	12,267	81,176	(2,366)	1,273,846
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers In		-		-	-		-	-	-	-	55,131
Transfers Out		-		-	-		-	-	(99,338)	-	(154,469)
Total Other Financing Sources						· —			 (,)	 	(,)
(Uses)		-		-			-		 (99,338)	 	(99,338)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1		(17,601)	21,313		41,633	12,267	(18,162)	(2,366)	1,174,508
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		-		202,206	102,998		228,262	249,535	 348,902	 57,304	5,182,242
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	1	\$	184,605	\$ 124,311	\$	269,895	\$ 261,802	\$ 330,740	\$ 54,938	\$ 6,356,750

### BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS – CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

							Custo	odial Funds					
	W	Victim Witness Restitution [		ectors erest sement	-	uvenile estitution		Sheriff ustodial	-	orrections Custodial	-	ollectors Surtax	llectors
ASSETS													
Cash and Investments	\$	4,961	\$	37	\$	26,993	\$	82,271	\$	128,718	\$	713,569	\$ 7,018
Taxes Receivable for Other Governments		-		-		-		-		-		-	 -
Total Assets		4,961		37		26,993		82,271		128,718		713,569	7,018
LIABILITIES													
Due to Others		4,961		-		26,993		82,271		-		-	-
Due to Other Governments		-		37		-		-		128,718		713,569	7,018
Total Liabilities		4,961		37		26,993		82,271		128,718		713,569	 7,018
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Property Taxes Collected for Subsequent													
Period													 -
NET POSITION													
Restricted for:													
Individuals, Organizations, and Other													
Governments	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 

## BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS – CUSTODIAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Taxes and Penalties		Collectors Online		Tax Sale	Ove	Tax rpayments		Tax olding	F	Tax Refund	Total Custodial Funds
ASSETS			((0.00-)	•				•				• • • • • • • • • •
Cash and Investments	\$ 35,444,889	\$	(18,695)	\$	7,378	\$	18,267	\$	9	\$	4,441	\$ 36,419,856
Taxes Receivable for other Governments	9,742,698		-		-		-		-		-	9,742,698
Total Assets	45,187,587		(18,695)		7,378		18,267		9		4,441	46,162,554
LIABILITIES												
Due to Others	-		-		-		18,267		9		4,441	136,942
Due to Other Governments	-		(18,695)		7,378		-		-		-	838,025
Total Liabilities	-		(18,695)		7,378		18,267		9		4,441	974,967
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Property Taxes Collected for Subsequent												
Period	35,444,889		-		-		-		-			35,444,889
NET POSITION												
Restricted for:												
Individuals, Organizations, and Other												
Governments	\$ 9,742,698	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 9,742,698
	. , , ,	<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		_		. , , ,

## BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS – CUSTODIAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Custodial Funds										
	Victim	Collectors									
	Witness	Interest	Juvenile	Sheriff	Corrections	Collectors	Collectors				
	Restitution	Disbursement	Restitution	Custodial	Custodial	Surtax	Bankruptcy				
ADDITIONS											
Contributions:											
Individuals	\$ 246,625	\$ 235	\$-	\$ 304,997	\$ 960,591	\$-	\$ 7,095				
Property Tax Collections for Other											
Governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
License and Fees Collected for State	-	-	-	-	-	4,318,040	-				
Total Additions	246,625	235	-	304,997	960,591	4,318,040	7,095				
DEDUCTIONS											
Beneficiary Payments to Individuals	246,625	-	-	304,997	960,591	-	-				
Payments to Other Governments	-	235	-	-	-	4,318,040	7,095				
Total Deductions	246,625	235		304,997	960,591	4,318,040	7,095				
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY											
NET POSITION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year							<u> </u>				
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$-	\$-	\$-	<u>\$-</u>	\$	\$	\$				

## BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS – CUSTODIAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Taxes and Penalties	Collectors Online	Tax Sale	Tax Overpayments	Tax Holding	Tax Refund	Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS							
Contributions:							
Individuals	\$-	\$-	\$ 82,950	\$ 227,644	\$ 1,236,624	\$ 159,258	\$ 3,226,019
Property Tax Collections for Other							
Governments	91,471,218	15,346,867	-	-	-	-	106,818,085
License and Fees Collected for State							4,318,040
Total Additions	91,471,218	15,346,867	82,950	227,644	1,236,624	159,258	114,362,144
DEDUCTIONS							
Beneficiary Payments to Individuals	-	-	-	227,644	-	159,258	1,899,115
Payments to Other Governments	91,805,101	15,346,867	82,950	-	1,236,624	-	112,796,912
Total Deductions	91,805,101	15,346,867	82,950	227,644	1,236,624	159,258	114,696,027
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY							
NET POSITION	(333,883)	-	-	-	-	-	(333,883)
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year	10,076,581						10,076,581
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 9,742,698	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 9,742,698

## BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION – DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Regional Emergency Medical Services Authority	Tourism Board	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments Receivables, Net:	\$ 4,645,079	\$ 2,538,719	\$ 7,183,798
Taxes Receivable	689,104	-	689,104
Accounts Receivable	760,974	-	760,974
Lease Receivable, Current	1,243	-	1,243
Lease Receivable, Noncurrent	47,442	-	47,442
Other Assets	204,476	10,203	214,679
Capital Assets:			
Not Being Depreciated	521,316	192,575	713,891
Being Depreciated, Net of Depreciation	4,314,961	1,157,183	5,472,144
Total Assets	11,184,595	3,898,680	15,083,275
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	121,898	-	121,898
Accrued Expenses	783,767	459	784,226
Total Liabilities	905,665	459	906,124
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Leases	50,120	-	50,120
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,796,277	1,349,758	6,146,035
Unrestricted	5,432,533	2,548,463	7,980,996
Total Net Position	\$ 10,228,810	\$ 3,898,221	\$ 14,127,031

#### BUCHANAN COUNTY, MISSOURI COMBINING SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITIES – DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Regional Emergency Medical Services Authority		Tourism Board		 Total
EXPENSES					/
REMSA	\$	9,643,957	\$	-	\$ 9,643,957
Tourism Board		-		1,519,272	 1,519,272
Total Expenses		9,643,957		1,519,272	11,163,229
PROGRAM REVENUES				4 000 044	0.000.400
Charges for Services		4,862,551		1,800,611	6,663,162
Operating Grants and Contributions		4,899,320		137,441	 5,036,761
Total Program Revenues		9,761,871		1,938,052	 11,699,923
NET REVENUE		117,914		418,780	536,694
GENERAL REVENUES					
Unrestricted Investment Earnings (Loss)		18,672		(104,971)	(86,299)
Other		342,251		12,370	354,621
Total General Revenues		360,923		(92,601)	 268,322
INCREASE IN NET POSITION		478,837		326,179	805,016
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year		9,749,973		3,572,042	13,322,015
TOTAL NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	10,228,810	\$	3,898,221	\$ 14,127,031



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